



NMAP

Target Specification

SWITCH	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION
	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1</code>	Scan a single IP
	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 192.168.2.1</code>	Scan specific IPs
	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-254</code>	Scan a range
	<code>nmap scanme.nmap.org</code>	Scan a domain
	<code>nmap 192.168.1.0/24</code>	Scan using CIDR notation
<code>-iL</code>	<code>nmap -iL targets.txt</code>	Scan targets from a file
<code>-iR</code>	<code>nmap -iR 100</code>	Scan 100 random hosts
<code>-exclude</code>	<code>nmap -exclude 192.168.1.1</code>	Exclude listed hosts

Port Specification

SWITCH	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p 21	Port scan for port x
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p 21-100	Port range
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p U:53,T:21-25,80	Port scan multiple TCP and UDP ports
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p-	Port scan all ports
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p http,https	Port scan from service name
-F	nmap 192.168.1.1 -F	Fast port scan (100 ports)
-top-ports	nmap 192.168.1.1 -top-ports 2000	Port scan the top x ports
-p-65535	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p-65535	Leaving off initial port in range makes the scan start at port 1
-p0-	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p0-	Leaving off end port in range makes the scan go through to port 65535

Service and Version Detection

SWITCH	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION
-sV	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV</code>	Attempts to determine the version of the service running on port
-sV -version -intensity	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV - version-intensity 8</code>	Intensity level 0 to 9. Higher number increases possibility of correctness
-sV -version -light	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV - version-light</code>	Enable light mode. Lower possibility of correctness. Faster
-sV -version -all	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV - version-all</code>	Enable intensity level 9. Higher possibility of correctness. Slower
-A	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -A</code>	Enables OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute

Host Discovery

SWITCH	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION
-sL	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-3 -sL</code>	No Scan. List targets only
-sn	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1/24 -sn</code>	Disable port scanning. Host discovery only.
-Pn	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -Pn</code>	Disable host discovery. Port scan only.
-PS	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PS22-25,80</code>	TCP SYN discovery on port x. Port 80 by default
-PA	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PA22-25,80</code>	TCP ACK discovery on port x. Port 80 by default
-PU	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PU53</code>	UDP discovery on port x. Port 40125 by default
-PR	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-1/24 -PR</code>	ARP discovery on local network
-n	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -n</code>	Never do DNS resolution

NSE Scripts

SWITCH	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION
-sC	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sC	Scan with default NSE scripts. Considered useful for discovery and safe
-script default	nmap 192.168.1.1 -script default	Scan with default NSE scripts. Considered useful for discovery and safe
-script	nmap 192.168.1.1 -script=banner	Scan with a single script. Example banner
-script	nmap 192.168.1.1 -script=http*	Scan with a wildcard. Example http
-script	nmap 192.168.1.1 -script=http,banner	Scan with two scripts. Example http and banner
-script	nmap 192.168.1.1 -script "not intrusive"	Scan default, but remove intrusive scripts
-script -args	nmap -script snmp-sysdescr -script-args snmpcommunity=admin 192.168.1.1	NSE script with arguments

OS Detection

SWITCH	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION
-O	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -O</code>	Remote OS detection using TCP/IP stack fingerprinting
-O -osscan-limit	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -O -osscan-limit</code>	If at least one open and one closed TCP port are not found it will not try OS detection against host
-O -osscan-guess	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -O -osscan-guess</code>	Makes Nmap guess more aggressively
-O -max-os-tries	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -O -max-os-tries 1</code>	Set the maximum number x of OS detection tries against a target
-A	<code>nmap 192.168.1.1 -A</code>	Enables OS detection, version detection, script scanning and traceroute